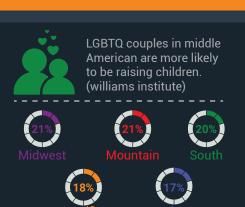


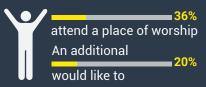
The LGBTQ Community in Central Alabama has a lot in common with our neighbors. We are family oriented, we care about others, and we serve our country.

Many of these statistics come from "Living LGBTQ in Central Alabama", the LGBTQ Funds survey of the LGBTQ population in Jefferson, Shelby, Walker, Blount, and St.Clair counties. Read the full survey at www.cfbham.org/lgbtgfund.











But the LGBTQ community faces many challenges due to discrimination, a lack of family support, and a lack of preparedness in schools and other institutions to work with LGBTO individuals and issues.

Individuals living on less than \$24,000per year in the south



LGBTQ Population

General Population

Individuals report not having enough money





of education professionals feel that they have limited training and resources on LGBTQ issues. These professionals report encountering students facing violence and rejection in disturbing numbers.



Lack of family support



Violence at home





LGBTQ individuals have a wide variety of family experiences. Too many are not safe and supported in their own homes. LGBTQ individuals report the following experiences.



Teased or yelled because I'M LGBTO



Lesbian. Gay, Bisexual conforming

Trans/ gender-non



Physically hurt because I'm LGBTQ



Leshian Bisexual



gender-non conforming



Someone stopped talking to me because I'm LGBTQ



l eshian Gay, Bisexual



conforming



Kicked out of my house because I'm LGBTQ



Leshian Gay, Bisexual



THE LGBTQ COMMUNITY

HEALTHCARE AND | Access to high-quality, compassionate healthcare is one of the greatest challenges facing the LGBTQ community.

39% of Lesbian, Gay, and Bisexual respondents have delayed getting healthcare. 67% of Transgender individuals have delayed getting healthcare. Here are some common concerns expressed by those delaying care.

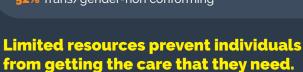
- I didn't know any place where I felt comfortable. 59% LGB, 77% Trans/gender-non conforming
- I could not afford to pay for care: 74% LGB, 80% Trans/gender-non conforming
- I didn't think that the doctors knew how to help me: 32% LGB, 66% Trans/gender-non conforming
- I don't trust doctors: 25% LGB, 49% Trans/gender-non conforming

LGBTQ individuals face serious mental health concerns

- Feeling really sad or depressed for a long period of time 58% LGB and 78% Trans/gender-non conforming
- Feeling anxious or panicked for a long time 56% LGB and 74% Trans/gender-non conforming
- Had thoughts you didn't like but could not stop 48% LGB and 74% Trans/gender-non conforming
- Feeling like you wished you were dead 30% LGB and 62% Trans/gender-non conforming
- Thought about killing yourself 24% LGB and 52% Trans/gender-non conforming



- LGB and 67% Trans/gender-non conforming Feeling confused about sexual orientation 🔷
 - 16% LGB and 43% Trans/gender-non conformina
 - I have experienced one or more of these concerns 72% LGB and 94% Trans/gender-non conforming
- I have experienced any of these AND sought care 52% LGB and 56% Trans/gender-non conforming



Report significant financial constraints on healthcare in the South



Health care and social service professionals want to do a better job serving the LGBTQ population. Our survey indicated a desire for more information on the following topics

- What does it mean to be LGBTQ: 64%
- What does it mean to be gender non-conforming or transgender: 84%
- How can we separate our personal beliefs about LGBTQ issues from our actions as professionals: 72%
- How can we establish rapport and communicate support to LGBTQ people: 80%
- How can we help family members accept LGBTQ individuals:
- How can we intervene when LGBTQ people experience bullying and violence: 84%
- How can we meet the healthcare needs of LGBTQ individuals: 92%
- How can we meet the healthcare needs of transitioning transgender individuals: 88%
- How can we recognize and intervene in mental health crises

Lack Insurance in the south



Even though this data is a great cause for concern, we know that the statistics are understated because many individuals fear identifying as LGBTQ and do not respond openly to surveys.